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Communicable Diseases—Quarantine—Disinfection—Burial. (Reg. Bd. of H., Feb. 11, 1915.)

SEC. 105. Deaths from contagious or infectious disease.—The body of a person who has died of cholera, diphtheria, plague, smallpox, scarlet fever, typhus fever, or yellow fever, shall be thoroughly disinfected and shall not be exposed to the view of any person, who is not necessarily engaged in the preparation of the same for burial. It shall be wrapped in a sheet saturated in a solution of bichloride of mercury 1–1000, and placed in a casket or coffin, which shall be sealed and which shall not be reopened.

An undertaker, or other person, having in his care or possession the body of any person who has died of cholera, diphtheria, plague, smallpox, scarlet fever, typhus fever, or yellow fever, shall give immediate notice to the board of health or its agent. Within 24 hours after the death of a person from any such contagious disease a private funeral shall be held at which none but the immediate adult relations and clergyman shall be present. The body shall be conveyed immediately to the place of burial or cremation.

Sec. 106. In any district where a death has occurred, or a patient is found to be suffering from any malignant, contagious, or infectious disease, the board of health, or its agents, shall have the right to summarily proceed to said district and cause all buildings, within a radius of not more than one mile from the place where said death occurred, or said patient was found, which they shall judge to be infected, or in an insanitary condition, and a menace to the public health, to be thoroughly disinfected by fumigation or other means, and all persons residing or working in any such buildings, and all personal property therein, to be thoroughly disinfected, to the satisfaction of the board of health, or its agents, before either persons or property shall be removed therefrom; and, that thereafter all such insanitary buildings and properties shall be vacated immediately, and no person shall be allowed to live or work therein, or to store any goods therein, until the same shall have been placed in a sanitary condition.

SEC. 118. Disposal of infected articles.—No person shall sell, give away, or otherwise dispose of, within the Territory, any bedding, clothing, or other article or thing, which has been used by, or come in contact with, any person suffering from any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, unless the same has been sterilized or disinfected under the supervision and direction of the proper agent of the board.

SEC. 119. Release from quarantine.—No person who has been quarantined for Asiatic cholera, diphtheria, leprosy, plague, scarlet fever, scarlatina, tetanus, typhus fever, variola, varioloid, yellow fever, or any other contagious or infectious disease, where on account of the surroundings and for the protection of the public health it has been necessary to establish a quarantine, shall be discharged therefrom except upon a written order of the board of health or its duly authorized agent.

Nuisances. (Reg. Bd. of H., Feb. 11, 1915.)

SEC. 107. Definition of nuisance.—To render or maintain either impure or unwholesome the air, the soil, the public highway, any structure, any food, drink, or medicine, or to sell or lease that which has been rendered impure or unwholesome, or needlessly put in jeopardy human life, health, or physical comfort in any manner whatsoever, or to aid in so doing, is hereby declared to be a nuisance within the meaning of this code.

SEC. 110. No person shall permit or have any offensive water or other liquid or substance on his premises, to the prejudice of life or health, whether for use in any trade or otherwise.

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